Pushbuttons and Indicating Lights
30.5 mm Heavy-Duty Watertight/Oiltight-10250T

Selector Switch Selection


Cam and Contact Block Selection
Selector switches in their varied forms (two-position, three-position and fourposition) are a big factor contributing to the great flexibility of control that a well rounded line of "pushbuttons" can achieve. Because of their flexibility, they tend to cause difficulty with product selection and application. The following systematic approach should simplify that task.

Cam and contact block selection is better understood if you:

- Work with each incoming and outgoing wire/circuit separately.
- Recognize the terms NO and NC only identify the type of contact by its mode before mounting to the operator. The " X -O" table (Page V7-T1-210) shows how that contact will act after assembly to the operator with the selected cam shape. $X=$ closed circuit, $\mathrm{O}=$ open circuit.
- Up to six NO or NC contacts may be mounted behind each plunger location for a total of twelve contacts. Single circuit contact blocks have only one plunger with the other side of the block "open." Therefore, single circuit contact blocks transmit motion to blocks behind them only for the position containing the circuit.
- Each cam has two separate lobes, each of which operates one of the two contact block plungers independently of each other. Those are identified as position A (locating nib side) and position B (opposite of locating nib). The position designations give direction in selecting and mounting of the contact blocks.

Contact Circuit Locations


## Systematic Approach

## Application: HAND-OFF-

AUTO selector switch. In this circuit, one incoming line is distributed to two other outgoing circuits by the switch. The two circuits can be looked at individually.

## Step 1: Elementary

Diagram.
Construct on paper, or in your mind, a simple elementary diagram of the switching scheme as follows:


## Step 2: "X-O" Pattern.

From the elementary diagram, you can construct an "X-O" diagram which describes when the contacts are to be closed $(\mathrm{X})$ or open $(\mathrm{O})$ in the various positions of the switch. The "X-O" for the HAND circuit looks like this:

In this circuit, you want a contact closed on the left (HAND) but open in the center and right.

```
HAND OFF AUTO
```

HAND OFF AUTO
< 1 ^ ^

```
        < 1 ^ ^
```

For the AUTO circuit, the "X-O" diagram would look like this:

```
HAND OFF AUTO
        \ 个 A
```

Putting them together, the complete " X -O" diagram is:

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { xOO } \\
\text { OOX }
\end{array}
$$

Once the " X - O " diagram has been generated the next step is to select the cam and contact block, or blocks, needed to perform the desired "X-O" functions. The selection tables on the following pages list the various types (shapes) of cams by number to choose from and the type of contact and position to achieve the function outlined in your "X-O" diagram.

Step 3: Cam Selection.
The cam you select determines the operation of all contact blocks mounted to the operator. It is selected on the basis that it provides the simplest circuitry for the desired "X-O" diagram. The selection tables show all the "X-O" combinations. For the purpose of this example, the applicable portion of those tables is shown on this page.
Now to make the cam selection, make a simple worksheet such as:

|  | $\frac{\text { Cam 2 }}{}$ | Cam 3 <br> Xoo |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (A)NO-(B)NC | (A)NO |  |
| OOX | (B)NO | (B)NO |

It becomes immediately obvious that cam 3 is the better choice for two reasons, (1) the series combination can be avoided making it simpler to wire, (2) only two contacts are required, which is less expensive than the three contacts required by cam 2.

## Step 4: Contact Block

 Selection.Having selected the cam, contact block selection is simply a matter of gathering the A position and B position circuits into pairs which make up the most convenient contact block arrangement. If there is an imbalance in the number of circuits under $A$ or $B$, then single circuit blocks must be selected for these leftover circuits.
Back to the worksheet, having selected cam 3 do this:


## Step 5: Selector Switch Operator.

Lastly, you have to choose from the many types of operators-knob and lever in various colors or keyed. Also what combinations of maintained and spring return functions are required. Selection of these operators can be found on Page V7-T1-212. For the example in step 4 you may want a three-position maintained black knob, cam 3-Catalog Number $10250 T 1323$.

## The Complete Switch:

10250T1323 with one 10250T2 or, for one composite catalog number, 10250 T 21 KB found on Page V7-T1-207.

## Diagrams

Circuits shown illustrate connections to obtain a selector switch circuit combination and are shown with their appropriate line diagrams. Field wiring of jumper connections required as shown.

X = Closed circuit
O = Open circuit
Wiring of Jumper Connections


Series Connection


Parallel Connection

Four-position selector switches are limited to four contact blocks.

## Contact Blocks

For selection and number of available contact blocks per operator, see Pages V7-T1-235 to V7-T1-238.

Example Selection Table


NO NC NO


NO
NO

Two-Position Selector Switch Contact Block Selection

|  | Desired Circuit and <br> Operator Position |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. | Contact Blocks Required to |
| Accomplish Circuit Function |  |
| Top Plunger A |  |

## Note

(1) Wired in series.

## Pushbuttons and Indicating Lights

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Three-Position Switch - Cam and Contact Block Selection

| No. | Desired Circuit and Operator Position |  |  | Contact Blocks Required to Accomplish Circuit Function (Jumpers must be installed where indicated) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Operator with Cam Code \#2 Mounting Location |  | Operator with Cam Code \#3 Mounting Location |  |
|  | $0$ | $\pi^{2}$ | $0$ | Top Plunger A | Bottom Plunger B | Top Plunger A | Bottom Plunger B |
| 1 | X | 0 | 0 | $-\overline{\mathrm{O}} \underset{\mathrm{ol}}{\mathrm{O}}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{OL}-1}{\text { NC }}$ | $\underset{\text { NO }}{-1}$ |  |
| 2 | X | X | 0 |  | $\frac{-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}-}{\mathrm{NC}}$ |  | $-$ |
| 3 | X | 0 | X | $\underset{\substack{1 \\ \text { NO }}}{0}$ |  |  | $\underset{\mathrm{NO}}{\stackrel{1}{\mathrm{O}} \mathrm{O}}$ |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | X |  | $\begin{aligned} & -\overline{1} \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{-1 \\ \text { NO }}}{0}$ |
| 5 | 0 | X | X | $\qquad$ <br> NC | $\underset{\text { NO }}{\frac{1}{0}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{O}- \\ & \mathrm{NC} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 6 | 0 | X | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}- \\ & \mathrm{NC} \end{aligned}$ |  | $-$ | $\frac{-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}-}{\mathrm{NC}}$ |

Four-Position Switch-Contact Block Selection

| No. | Desired Circuit and Operator Position |  |  |  | Contact Blocks <br> Required to Accomplish Circuit Function <br> Mounting Location |  | Desired Circuit and |  |  |  | Contact Blocks <br> Required to <br> Accomplish Circuit <br> Function <br> Mounting Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Mounting Location  <br> Top Bottom <br> Plunger Plunger <br> A B | No. | Desir Opera |  | and <br> ion | $8$ | Mounting Location  <br> Top Bottom <br> Plunger Plunger <br> A B |
| 1 | X | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & -\mathrm{OlO} \\ & \mathrm{NC} \end{aligned}$ | 10 | X | 0 | X | 0 | $\left[\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline-1 & 0 \end{array}\right]$ |
| 2 | 0 | X | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & -1 \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | X | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{0} \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | 11 | X | X | X | 0 | $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{0-1}}=\frac{1}{0}$ |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | X | $\frac{-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}-}{\mathrm{NC}}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { NC } & \\ \text { NO } & \text { NO } \end{array}$ |
| 5 | X | 0 | 0 | X |  | 12 | 0 | X | X | X | $T^{\frac{1}{0} \quad 0}$ |
| 6 | 0 | X | X | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 0 | 0 | X | X |  | 13 | X | 0 | X | X | $T^{\frac{1}{O}}$ |
| 8 | X | X | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { NO } \\ \text { NC } & \text { NC } \end{array}$ |
| 9 | 0 | X | 0 | X |  | 14 | X | X | 0 | X |  |

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| Key Removal Positions |
| :--- | :--- |

Note: Key removal in "spring return from" positions not recommended.

## Replacement Keys or Dissimilar

 Locks for Key OperatorsOperators listed on Page
V7-T1-212 have identical locks and keys (Key Code H661) Catalog Number 10250ED824. For dissimilar lock and key combinations, see listing on this page.

| Replacement Key |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Description | Catalog Number |
| Replacement keys <br> (code H661) | 10250ED824 |

## Selector Switch Operators with Dissimilar Locks and Keys (UL [NEMA] 4, 4X and 13)

The locks in all key operators listed on Pages V7-T1-191,
V7-T1-212 and V7-T1-349 are identical and use key code number H661. Two keys are supplied with every lock. For additional code number H661 keys, order Catalog Number 10250ED824. For others, order 10250ED1130 and designate lock number. When dissimilar locks for each operator or each group of operators are required, select from the lock and key combination listed below. When Ordering Operator Only or a complete control unit with a substitute lock, order from table below and add "except Lock and Key Code No. ."

| "H" Series Locks without Master Key-with Key Slot Cover |  |  |  | Master Keys for Above Locks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Application | Catalog Number |
| Lock and Key Code Numbers |  |  |  | For code: |  |
| H501 | H635 |  | 63 | MD1-MD20 | 10250ED825-3 |
| H620 | H639 |  | 75 | ME2-ME18 | 10250ED825-4 |
| H621 | H643 |  | 683 | MJ1-MJ16 | 10250ED825-5 |
| H634 | H654 |  | 688 |  |  |
| "M" Series Locks with Master Key-with Key Slot Cover |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lock and Key Code Numbers |  |  |  |  |  |
| MD1 | MD14 | ME8 | MJ6 |  |  |
| MD2 | MD15 | ME11 | MJ10 |  |  |
| MD3 | MD16 | ME16 | M 111 |  |  |
| MD4 | MD19 | ME17 | MJ13 |  |  |
| MD5 | MD20 | ME18 | MJ15 |  |  |
| MD7 | ME2 | ME19 | MJ16 |  |  |
| MD9 | ME3 | MJ1 | MD17 |  |  |
| MD10 | ME5 | MJ3 |  |  |  |
| MD11 | ME6 | MJ4 |  |  |  |
| MD13 | ME7 | MJ5 |  |  |  |

## Selector Switch Operators with Caps

UL (NEMA) Type 3, 3R, 4, 4X, 12, 13
Selector Switch Operators with Caps


## Notes

(1) Black knob selector switch, cam 1 shown.
(2) $M=$ Maintained. $S=$ Spring return in direction of arrow (R).
(3) Field convertible to horizontal mounting or order operator only and separate operator cap.
(4) For selection of the proper cam and contact block to obtain the proper circuit sequence, see selection instructions and tables on Pages V7-T1-208, V7-T1-209 and V7-T1-210.
(5) Black lever selector switch, cam 3 shown.

